

## C.C.1 Background:

The Customer requires the provision of certain Goods and/or Services. The Supplier has fully informed itself on all aspects of the Customer's requirements and has responded representing that it is able to meet the requirement.

Some terms used in these *Commonwealth Purchase Order Terms* have been given a special meaning. Their meanings are set out in the *Commonwealth Contracting Suite Glossary*.

## C.C.2 Relationship of the Parties:

Neither party is the employee, agent, officer or partner of the other party nor, by virtue of this Contract, authorised to bind or represent the other party.

The Supplier must ensure that its officers, employees, agents or Subcontractors do not represent themselves as being an officer, employee, partner or agent of the Customer.

In all dealings related to the Contract, the parties agree to:

- (a) communicate openly with each other and cooperate in achieving the contractual objectives; and
- (b) act honestly and ethically; and
- (c) comply with reasonable commercial standards of fair conduct; and
- (d) comply with all reasonable directions and procedures relating to work health and safety, record keeping and security in operation at each other's premises or facilities whether specifically informed or as might reasonably be inferred from the circumstances.

## C.C.3 Conflict of Interest:

The Supplier has either declared any real or perceived conflicts of interest that might arise; or states that no conflicts of interest exist, or are anticipated, relevant to the performance of its obligations under the Contract.

If any conflict or potential conflict arises during fulfilment, the Supplier will immediately notify the Customer and comply with any reasonable Notice given to the Supplier by the Customer in relation to the conflict. As soon as practicable, any verbal advice must be followed by written confirmation.

## C.C.4 Precedence of Documents:

The Parties' Contract is described in:

- (a) the Customer's Requirement;
- (b) *Commonwealth Purchase Order Terms*; and
- (c) *Commonwealth Contracting Suite Glossary*,

unless otherwise agreed in writing between the parties.

Together all three (3) documents comprise the "Contract".

If there is ambiguity or inconsistency between documents comprising the Contract, the document appearing higher in the list will have precedence.

## C.C.5 Governing Law:

The laws of the Australian Capital Territory apply to the Contract.

## C.C.6 Entire Agreement:

The Contract represents the Parties' entire agreement in relation to the subject matter.

Anything that occurred before the issue of the Contract shall be disregarded (unless incorporated in writing).

The Parties agree that no agreement or understanding varying or extending the Contract will be legally binding upon either Party unless in writing and agreed by both Parties.

If either Party does not exercise (or delays in exercising) any of its contractual rights, that failure or delay will not prejudice those rights.

## C.C.7 Survival:

Clauses C.C.14 [*Liability of the Supplier*], C.C.17 [*Supplier Payments*], C.C.20 [*Transition Out*], C.C.22 [*Compliance with Commonwealth Laws and Policies*], C.C.22(A) [*Access to Supplier's Premises and Records*], C.C.22(F) [*Fraud*], C.C.23 [*Intellectual Property*] survive termination or expiry of the Contract.

## C.C.8 Notices:

A Notice is deemed to be effected:

- (a) if delivered by hand - upon delivery to the relevant address;
- (b) if sent by registered post - upon delivery to the relevant address; or
- (c) if transmitted electronically - upon actual delivery as evidenced by an acknowledgement of receipt from the recipient's system by any means (including by means of delivery receipt).

A Notice received after 5.00 pm, or on a day that is not a working day in the place of receipt, is deemed to be effected on the next working day in that place.

## C.C.9 Assignment:

The Supplier may not assign any rights under the Contract without the Customer's written consent.

## C.C.10 Subcontracting:

Subcontracting any part of, or the entire Supplier's obligations under the Contract, will not relieve the Supplier from any of its obligations under the Contract.

The Supplier must ensure that Subcontractors specified in the Contract (if any) perform that part of the Services. The Supplier must ensure that specified Subcontractors (if any) are not replaced without the prior written consent of the Customer. The Customer's consent will not be unreasonably withheld.

The Supplier must make available to the Customer the details of all Subcontractors engaged to provide the Goods and/or Services under the Contract. The Supplier acknowledges that the Customer may be required to publicly disclose such information.

The Supplier must ensure that any subcontract entered into by the Supplier, for the purpose of fulfilling the Supplier's obligations under the Contract, imposes on the Subcontractor the same obligations that the Supplier has under the Contract (including this requirement in relation to subcontracts).

At the Customer's request, the Supplier, at no additional cost to the Customer, must promptly remove from involvement in the Contract any Subcontractor that the Customer reasonably considers should be removed.

## C.C.11 Delivery and Acceptance:

The Supplier must provide the Goods and/or Services as specified in the Contract and meet any requirements and standard specified in the Contract.

The Supplier must promptly notify the Customer if the Supplier becomes aware that it will be unable to provide all or part of the Goods and/or Services specified and advise the Customer when it will be able to so.

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Any Goods must be delivered free from any security interest. Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, Goods must be new and unused. Any Services must be provided to the higher of the standard that would be expected of an experienced, professional supplier of similar services and any standard specified in the Contract.

The Customer may reject the Goods and/or Services within fourteen (14) calendar days after delivery or such longer period specified in the Contract, if the Goods and/or Services do not comply with the requirements of the Contract ("Acceptance Period").

If during the Acceptance Period circumstances outside the Customer's reasonable control cause a delay in the Customer's evaluation of the compliance of the Goods and/or Services with the Contract, the Customer may give the Supplier a Notice before the end of the original Acceptance Period, setting out the reason for the delay and the revised Acceptance Period date (which must be reasonable having regard to the circumstances causing the delay).

If the Customer does not notify the Supplier of rejection within the Acceptance Period (as extended if applicable), the Customer will be taken to have accepted the Goods and/or Services, though the Customer may accept the Goods and/or Services sooner. Title to Goods transfers to the Customer only on acceptance.

If the Customer rejects the Goods and/or Services, the Customer must issue a Notice clearly stating the reason for rejection and the remedy the Customer requires. No payment will be due for rejected Goods and/or Services until their acceptance.

### **C.C.12 Licences Approvals and Warranties:**

At no cost to the Customer, the Supplier must obtain and maintain all licences or other approvals required for the lawful provision of the Goods and/or Services and arrange any necessary customs entry for any Goods.

The Supplier must provide the Customer with all relevant third Party warranties in respect of Goods. If the Supplier is a manufacturer, the Supplier must provide the Customer with all standard manufacturer's warranties in respect of the Goods it has manufactured and supplied.

### **C.C.13 Specified Personnel:**

The Supplier must ensure that the Specified Personnel set out in the Contract (if any) perform the part of the Services specified. The Supplier must ensure that Specified Personnel (if any) are not replaced without the prior written consent of the Customer. The Customer's written consent will not be unreasonably withheld.

At the Customer's reasonable request, the Supplier, at no additional cost to the Customer, must as soon as reasonably practicable replace any Specified Personnel with personnel that are acceptable to the Customer.

### **C.C.14 Liability of the Supplier:**

The Supplier will indemnify the Customer and its officials against any claim, loss or damage arising in connection with any negligent or wilful breach of the Supplier's obligations or representations under the Contract.

The Supplier's obligation to indemnify the Customer and its officials will reduce proportionally to the extent that any act or omission, on the part of the Customer or its officials contributed to the claim, loss or damage.

The Supplier's liability under this clause shall not exceed the maximum applicable amount that applies to the claim loss or damage under a scheme operating under Schedule 4 of the *Civil Law (Wrongs) Act 2002* (ACT), or any corresponding State, Territory or Commonwealth legislation, that limits the civil liability of members of particular professions arising from the performance of their professional services, where the Supplier is a member of that scheme, and where that scheme applies to the Goods and/or Services delivered under the Contract.

The Supplier will maintain adequate insurances for the Contract and provide the Customer with proof when reasonably requested.

### **C.C.15 Termination or Reduction for Convenience:**

In addition to any other rights either party has under the Contract,

- the Customer acting in good faith, may at any time; or
- the Supplier, acting in good faith, may notify that it wishes to, terminate the Contract or reduce the scope or quantity of the Goods and/or Services by providing a Notice to the other Party.

If the Supplier issues a Notice under this clause, the Supplier must comply with any reasonable directions given by the Customer. The Contract will terminate, or the scope will be reduced in accordance with the Notice, when the Supplier has complied with all of those directions.

If the Customer issues a Notice under this clause, the Supplier must stop or reduce work in accordance with the Notice and comply with any reasonable directions given by the Customer.

In either case, the Supplier must mitigate all loss and expenses in connection with the termination or reduction in scope (including the costs of its compliance with any directions). The Customer will pay the Supplier for Goods and/or Services accepted in accordance with clause C.C.11 [*Delivery and Acceptance*] before the effective date of termination or reduction.

If the Customer issues a Notice under this clause, the Customer will also pay the Supplier for any reasonable costs the Supplier incurs that are directly attributable to the termination or reduction, provided the Supplier substantiates these costs to the satisfaction of the Customer.

Under no circumstances will the total of all payments to the Supplier exceed the Contract Price. The Supplier will not be entitled to loss of anticipated profit for any part of the Contract not performed.

### **C.C.16 Termination for Cause:**

The Customer may issue a Notice to immediately terminate or reduce the scope of the Contract if:

- the Supplier does not deliver the Goods and/or Services as specified in the Contract, or notifies the Customer that the Supplier will be unable to deliver the Goods and/or Services as specified in the Contract;
- the Customer rejects the Goods and/or Services in accordance with clause C.C.11 [*Delivery and Acceptance*] and the Goods and/or Services are not remedied as required by the Notice of rejection;
- the Supplier breaches a material term of the Contract and the breach is not capable of remedy;
- the Supplier does not remediate a material breach of the Contract which is capable of remediation within the period specified by the Customer in a Notice of default issued to the Supplier; or

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- (e) subject to the Customer complying with any requirements in the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), the Supplier:
- (i) is unable to pay all its debts when they become due;
  - (ii) if incorporated – has a liquidator, receiver, administrator or other controller appointed or an equivalent appointment is made under legislation other than the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth); or
  - (iii) if an individual – becomes bankrupt or enters into an arrangement under *Part IX* or *Part X* of the *Bankruptcy Act 1966* (Cth).

Termination of the Contract under this clause does not change the Customer's obligation to pay any Correctly Rendered Invoice.

### C.C.17 Supplier Payments:

If the Supplier is required to submit an invoice to trigger payment, the invoice must be a Correctly Rendered Invoice.

The Supplier must promptly provide to the Customer such supporting documentation and other evidence reasonably required by the Customer to substantiate performance of the Contract by the Supplier.

Payment of any invoice is payment on account only, and does not substantiate performance of the Contract.

If the Supplier owes any amount to the Customer in connection with the Contract, the Customer may offset that amount, or part of it, against its obligation to pay any Correctly Rendered Invoice. The Customer must pay the amount of a Correctly Rendered Invoice to the Supplier within twenty (20) calendar days after receiving it, or if this day is not a business day, on the next business day.

If the Customer fails to make a payment to the Supplier by the business day it is due and the amount of interest payable under this clause exceeds \$100, the Customer will pay the unpaid amount plus interest on the unpaid amount.

Interest payable under this clause will be simple interest calculated in respect of each calendar day from the day after the amount was due and payable, up to and including the day that the Customer effects payment, calculated using the General Interest Charge Rate formula available at the Australian Taxation Office website.

### C.C.18 Dispute Resolution:

For any dispute arising under the Contract both the Supplier and the Customer agree to comply with (a) to (c) of this clause sequentially:

- (a) both Contract Managers will try to settle the dispute by direct negotiation;
- (b) failing settlement within ten (10) business days, the Customer will, without delay, refer the dispute to an appropriately qualified mediator selected by the Customer or, at the Customer's discretion, to the chairperson of an accredited mediation organisation to appoint a mediator, for mediation to commence within fifteen (15) business days of the request. Representatives for the Supplier and the Customer must attend the mediation. The nominated representatives must have the authority to bind the relevant party and act in good faith to genuinely attempt to resolve the dispute.
- (c) If the dispute is not resolved within thirty (30) business days after mediation commences, either the Supplier or the Customer may commence legal proceedings.

The Supplier and the Customer will each bear their own costs for dispute resolution. The Customer will bear the costs of a mediator.

Despite the existence of a dispute, the Supplier will (unless requested in writing by the Customer not to do so) continue their performance under the Contract.

This procedure for dispute resolution does not apply to action relating to clause C.C.16 [*Termination for Cause*] or to legal proceedings for urgent interlocutory relief.

### C.C.19 Transition In:

The Supplier must perform all tasks reasonably required to facilitate the smooth transition of the provision of the Goods and/or Services from any outgoing supplier to the Supplier.

### C.C.20 Transition Out:

If the Contract expires or is terminated under clause C.C.16 [*Termination for Cause*] the Supplier must comply with any reasonable directions given by the Customer in order to facilitate the smooth transition of the provision of the Goods and/or Services to the Customer or to another supplier nominated by the Customer.

### C.C.21 Compliance with Laws:

The Supplier must comply with, and ensure its officers, employees, agents and subcontractors comply with the laws from time to time in force in any jurisdiction in which any part of the Contract is performed.

### C.C.22 Compliance with Commonwealth Laws and Policies:

The Supplier must comply with, and ensure its officers, employees, agents and subcontractors comply with all Commonwealth laws and policies relevant to the Goods and/or Services.

If the Supplier becomes aware of any actual or suspected breach of the requirements set out in clauses A to G below, it must:

- (a) immediately report it to the Customer and provide a written report on the matter within five (5) business days; and
- (b) comply with any reasonable directions by the Customer in relation to any investigation or further reporting of the actual or suspected breach.

A. **Access to Supplier's Premises and Records:** The Supplier must maintain proper business and accounting records relating to the supply of the Goods and/or Services and performance of the Contract.

The Supplier agrees to provide to the Customer, or its nominee, access to the Supplier's, or its Subcontractor's premises, personnel, documents and other records, and all assistance reasonably requested, for any purpose associated with the Contract or any review of the Supplier's or the Customer's performance under the Contract, including (but not limited to) in connection with a request made under the *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (Cth) or audit or review by the Australian National Audit Office. Unless the access is required for the purpose of a criminal investigation into the Supplier, its employees or subcontractors, the Customer will reimburse the Supplier's substantiated reasonable cost for complying with the Customer's request.

The Supplier must not transfer, or permit the transfer of, custody or ownership, or allow the destruction, of any Commonwealth record (as defined in the *Archives Act 1983* (Cth)) without the prior written consent of the Customer. All Commonwealth records, including any held by Subcontractors, must be returned to the Customer at the conclusion of the Contract.

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B. **Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) Requirements:** In providing the Goods and/or Services, the Supplier agrees to comply, and to ensure that its officers, employees, agents and subcontractors comply with the *Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)* and not to do anything, which if done by the Customer would breach an Australian Privacy Principle as defined in that Act.

C. **Confidential Information:** Other than information available in the public domain, the Supplier agrees not to disclose to any person, other than the Customer, any confidential information relating to the Contract or the Goods and/or Services, without prior written approval from the Customer. This obligation will not be breached where the Supplier is required by law or a stock exchange to disclose the relevant information or where the relevant information is publicly available (other than through breach of a confidentiality or non-disclosure obligation).

The Customer will keep any information in connection with the Contract confidential to the extent it has agreed in writing to keep such specified information confidential. The Customer will not be in breach of any confidentiality agreement if the Customer is required to disclose the information by law, a Minister or a House or Committee of Parliament.

D. **Security and Safety:** When accessing any Commonwealth place, area or facility, the Supplier must comply with any security and safety requirements notified to the Supplier by the Customer or of which the Supplier is, or should reasonably be aware. The Supplier must ensure that its officers, employees, agents and subcontractors are aware of, and comply with, such security and safety requirements.

The Supplier must ensure that all information, material and property provided by the Customer for the purposes of the Contract is protected at all times from unauthorised access, use by a third party, misuse, damage and destruction and is returned as directed by the Customer.

The Supplier acknowledges that unauthorised disclosure of security-classified information is an offence. Legislation (including, but not limited to, the *Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth)*) contains provisions relating to the protection of certain information and sets out the penalties for the unauthorised disclosure of that information.

E. **Criminal Code:** The Supplier acknowledges that the giving of false or misleading information to the Commonwealth is a serious offence under section 137.1 of the schedule to the *Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth)*. The Supplier must ensure that any subcontractor engaged in connection with the Contract is aware of the information contained in this clause.

F. **Fraud:** For the purposes of this clause, Fraud means dishonestly obtaining a benefit from the Commonwealth or causing a loss to the Commonwealth by deception or other means.

The Supplier must take all reasonable steps to prevent and detect Fraud in relation to the performance of this Contract. The Supplier acknowledges the occurrence of Fraud will constitute a breach of this Contract.

If an investigation finds that the Supplier or its employees have committed Fraud, or the Supplier has failed to take reasonable steps to prevent Fraud by an employee or subcontractor, the Supplier must reimburse or compensate the Customer in full.

G. **Taxation:** The Supplier agrees to comply, and to require its subcontractors to comply, with all applicable laws relating to taxation.

### C.C.23 Intellectual Property Rights:

Intellectual Property Rights in the Goods provided under this Contract or pre-existing Intellectual Property Rights will not change as a result of this Contract.

The Supplier grants the Customer a licence in any such Intellectual Property Rights provided as part of the Goods and/or Services to allow the Commonwealth full use of the Goods and/or Services for their intended purpose.

Other than as set out above, the Customer owns the Intellectual Property Rights in any Material created under this Contract.



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